

What is the French Southern Territories?

The territory is sometimes referred to as the French Southern Lands (French: Terres australes fran&#231;aises) or the French Southern Territories, usually to emphasize non-recognition of French sovereignty over Ad&#233;lie Land as part of the Antarctic Treaty System. The entire territory has no known permanently settled inhabitants.

Are there trees in the French Southern Lands?

Because of their isolation and subpolar location, the French Southern Lands are relatively depauperate of vegetation, with both Saint-Paul and Crozet having no native tree or shrub species. However, eight of the 36 higher plant species are endemic.

Where is Terre Ad&#233;lie based?

Terre Ad&#233;lie, the Antarctic sector claimed by France, is supplied by L'Astrolabe, which sails out of Hobart in Tasmania. Regarding maritime activity, the territory maintains a merchant marine fleet totaling (as of 1999) 2,892,911 GRT/5,165,713 tonnes deadweight (DWT).

The Government of the French Republic, referring to Article 24, paragraph (1), of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, declares that the said Convention shall be applicable to the territory of the French Republic in Europe, to the departments of Guyane, Guadeloupe, Martinique and Reunion, and to the overseas

The French Southern and Antarctic Territories -- Terres Australes et Antarctiques Fran&#231;aises (TAAF) -- form an overseas territory of France, established in 1955, that consists of several groups of islands in the southern Indian Ocean and a sector of Antarctica (see maps) that is claimed by France. The Antarctic territory is called Ad&#233;lie Coast (Terre Ad&#233;lie).

Overview Administration History Geography Flora and fauna Economy Locations and scientific stations Codes The French Southern and Antarctic Lands have formed a territoire d'outre-mer (an overseas territory) of France since 1955. Formerly, they were administered from Paris by an administrateur sup&#233;rieur assisted by a secretary-general; since December 2004, however, their administrator has been a pr&#233;fet, currently Florence Jeanblanc-Risler, with headquarters in Saint Pierre on R&#233;union Island.

????????(French Southern and Antarctic Territory) 1960?4?1?, ?????????(?????)???9?19?, ?????????????? 2005?1?3?, ????, ?????????, ...

The French Southern and Antarctic Territories -- Terres Australes et Antarctiques Fran&#231;aises (TAAF) -- form an overseas territory of France, established in 1955, that consists of several groups of islands in the

southern Indian Ocean and a ...

The Territory of the French Southern and Antarctic Lands consist of a group of volcanic islands in the southern Indian Ocean, south of Africa, approximately equidistant between Madagascar and Réunion, Antarctica and Australia (This part alone is defined as the French Southern Territories internationally) and the Adélie Land (French ...

Terres australes et antarctiques; French Southern and Antarctic Territory) 7781 (432000) (Martin-de-Vivié, s, ?) ...

In February 2007, the Iles Eparses became an integral part of the French Southern and Antarctic Lands (TAAF). The Southern Lands are now divided into five administrative districts, two of which are archipelagos, Iles Crozet and Iles Kerguelen; the third is a district composed of two volcanic islands, Ile Saint-Paul and Ile Amsterdam; the fourth, Iles Eparses, consists of five scattered ...

EU27 Merchandise trade with French Southern Territories by product (2023) - SITC (UN) & AMA/NAMA (WTO) Source Eurostat Trade in services French Southern Territories with World Source World Trade Organization EU27 with French Southern Territories Source Eurostat Foreign Direct Investment EU27 FDI Flows with French Southern Territories Source ...

The administrative body for the five districts of the French Southern and Antarctic Territories; offices based in Saint Pierre, La Réunion and Paris. Thomas, ornitho aux Kerguelen A blog by Thomas Gouello, VCAT ornithologist (mission 61, Nov. 2010 - ...

The category of "overseas collectivity" (French: collectivité d'outre-mer or COM) was created by France's constitutional reform of 28 March 2003. Each overseas collectivity has its own statutory laws. In contrast to overseas departments/regions, the overseas collectivities are empowered to make their own laws, except in certain areas reserved to the French national government ...

The TAAF are a French overseas territory with the administrative and economic autonomy. The TAAF are under the authority of a prefect who is at the same time the representative of the French State and the person responsible for the ...

Officially, Adélie also belongs to this overseas territory as a French territorial claim over Antarctica, but due to the Antarctic Treaty, all those territorial claims are frozen. Since 2007, the îles éparses, some islands scattered throughout ...

All bird species in the French Southern Territories are protected under the 1976 National Act for Protection of the Nature. An order dating from 1985 also classified some areas as Zones servies; la

Recherche Scientifique et Technique--areas restricted for scientific

Scattered across the west Indian and Southern oceans, the French Southern Lands and Antarctic Territories, also known by its French abbreviation TAAF, collectively provide several of the planet's last significant wilderness areas and host some of the largest concentrations of marine birds and mammals globally, including endemic and critically ...

Sui generis territories: ... Media in category "French Southern and Antarctic Lands" The following 3 files are in this category, out of 3 total. Lada des Terres Australes.jpg 2,984 × 2,984; 6.58 MB. Plaque d'immatriculation française avec le blason des TAAF 984.jpg 3,016 × 4,032; 3.55 MB.

Web: <https://www.solar-system.co.za>

